

Summer assignment Class XI 2017-18

Subject:- History

1. Describe the facts regarding the ways of obtaining food during early historic period.
2. Complete a timeline providing clues of the following:-
Beginning of earth, appearance of mammals and man, beginning of recorded history, invention of fire and beginning of settled life.
3. "There was never shortage of food even the times of drought in Hazda."
Give reasons to your answer
4. Why do we say that it was not natural fertility and high levels of food production that were the causes of early urbanization?
5. Write about the Mesopotamian Civilization:-
 - i) Location
 - ii) Life of people- Political, religious, social; Economical
 - iii) Occupation
 - iv) Development of writing
 - v) Kings and kingdoms
 - vi) Prominent cities
 - vii) Town Planning

Subject:- Political science

- Q.1 what are the unique features of Indian constitution ?
- Q.2 describe the composition and working of the constituent assembly of india .
- Q.3 identify any two sources of the Indian constitution .Describe in brief the provisions which have taken from these sources .
- Q.4 differentiate between parliamentary and presidential form of government
- Q. 5 explain the right to freedom as enjoyed by the Indian citizen .
- Q. 6 why is political science stated as science of power ?
- Q.7 who called political science "a master science" and why ?
- Q. 8 define the term "liberty" .
- Q.9 mention any four kinds of liberty .
- Q.10 what are the dimensions of freedom ?

Subject:-English

- Q.1 Imagine you are Khushwant singh and your grandmother has died recently and you are assailed by the feeling of regret and guilt on having neglected her. Write a diary entry expressing your feeling.
- Q.2 What is the theme and moral lesson of the story " The portrait of a lady".
- Q.3 Define the literary device "oxymoron" in the poem of " A Photograph"

Q.4 With the help of the inputs given below, write a letter to the editor of a newspaper on the colossal wastage of food in the lavish Indian wedding.

1. Indian's spent life's saving on weddings
2. Wedding market in India is approximately, 150000 crores per year.
3. India also hosts one of the biggest armies of starving people in the world.
4. No wastage more condemnable than wastage of food.
5. Responsibility of the guests to limit the size of the servings according to their appetite.

Q.5 Occasional self-medication has always been part of normal living. The making and selling of drugs has a long history and is closely linked, like medical practice itself, with belief in magic. Only during the last hundred years or so, as the development of scientific techniques made it possible diagnosis has become possible. The doctor is now able to follow up the correct diagnosis of many illnesses-with specific treatment of their causes. In many other illnesses of which the causes remain unknown, he is still limited, like the unqualified prescriber, to the treatment of symptoms. The doctor is trained to decide when to treat symptoms only and when to attack the cause. This is the essential difference between medical prescribing and self-medication.

The advance of technology has brought about much progress in some fields of medicine, including the development of scientific drug therapy. In many countries public health organization is improving and people's nutritional standards have risen. Parallel with such beneficial trends are two which have an adverse effect. One is the use of high pressure advertising by the pharmaceutical industry which has tended to influence both patients and doctors and has led to the overuse of drugs generally. The other is emergence of eating, insufficient sleep, excessive smoking and drinking. People with disorders arising from faulty habits such as these, as well as well from unhappy human relationships, often resort to self-medication and so add the taking of pharmaceuticals to the list. Advertisers go to great lengths to catch this market.

Clever advertising, aimed at chronic sufferers who will try anything because doctors have not been able to cure them, can induce such faith in a preparation, particularly if steeply priced, that it will produce-by suggestion-a very real effect in some people. Advertisements are also aimed at people suffering from mild complaints such as simple cold and coughs which clear up by themselves within a short time.

These are the main reasons, why laxatives, indigestion-remedies, painkillers, cough-mixtures, tonics, vitamin and iron tablets, nose drops, ointments and many other preparations are found in quantity in many households. It is doubtful whether taking these things ever improves a person's health, it may even make it worse. Worse, because the preparation may contain unsuitable ingredients; worse because the taker may become dependent on them; worse because they might be taken excess; worse because they may cause poisoning, and worst of all because symptoms of some serious underlying cause may be asked and therefore medical help may not be sought. Self-diagnosis is a greater danger than self-medication.

Questions

- (A) On the basis of your reading of the above passage, make notes on it, in points only, using headings and sub-headings. Also use recognizable abbreviations, wherever necessary (Minimum four). Supply an appropriate title to it.
- (B) Write a summary of the above passage in about 80 words.